[Translation]

To whom it may concern:

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Renewal of Countermeasures to Large-Scale Acquisitions of Mitsui Chemicals, Inc. Shares (Takeover Defense Measures)

The board of directors of Mitsui Chemicals, Inc. ("MCI") resolved at its meeting held on March 31, 2010 to renew a plan for countermeasures to large-scale acquisitions of the shares in MCI subject to the shareholders' approval and obtained the shareholders' approval at the ordinary general meeting of shareholders held on June 24, 2010 (the takeover defense measures renewed at that time is to be referred to as the "Former Plan"). The effective period of the Former Plan expires at the conclusion of the ordinary general meeting of shareholders for the fiscal year ending March 2013 (fiscal year 2012) scheduled to be held on June 25, 2013 (the "Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders").

MCI announces that its board of directors ("Board of Directors") resolved at its meeting held on May 10, 2013 to renew the Former Plan with some revisions (the renewal is to be referred to as the "Renewal", and the renewed Former Plan is to be referred to as the "Plan") as a measure to prevent decisions on MCI's financial and business policies from being controlled by persons deemed inappropriate (Article 118, Item 3(b) of the Enforcement Regulations of the Companies Act) under the basic policy regarding the persons who control decisions on MCI's financial and

business policies (as provided in Article 118, Item 3 of the Enforcement Regulations of the Companies Act; the "Basic Policy"). The Renewal will be subject to the shareholders' approval at the Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders.

Revisions to the Former Plan upon the Renewal are:

- addition of the circumstances under which procedures to confirm shareholders' intent will be taken based on the determination of the Board of Directors upon the implementation of the gratis allotment of the Stock Acquisition Rights (defined in (a) of section 3.(2), 'Plan Outline' below; hereinafter the same); and
- supplementation of the information necessary for the consideration of terms of the Acquisition (defined in (a) of section 3.(3), 'Procedures for Triggering the Plan' below) from the perspective of common interests of shareholders.

1. Basic Policy regarding the Persons who Control Decisions on MCI's Financial and Business Policies

MCI believes that the persons who control decisions on MCI's financial and business policies need to be persons who understand the source of MCI's corporate value and who will make it possible to continually and steadily ensure and enhance MCI's corporate value and, in turn, the common interests of its shareholders.

MCI will not unconditionally reject a large-scale acquisition of the shares if it will contribute to MCI's corporate value and, in turn, the common interests of its shareholders. MCI also believes that the final decision as to whether or not to accept a large-scale acquisition that would involve a change of the control of MCI should ultimately be made by its shareholders as a whole.

Recently, unilateral large-scale acquisitions of shares carried out without approval by the management of the target company have been seen in the Japanese capital market. Some of these large-scale acquisitions benefit neither the corporate value of the target company nor the common interests of its shareholders, including those with a purpose that would

obviously harm the corporate value of the target company and the common interests of its shareholders, those with the potential to substantially coerce shareholders into selling their shares, those that do not provide sufficient time or information for the target company's board of directors or shareholders to consider the terms of the acquisition or for the target company's board of directors to make an alternative proposal, and those that require the target company to negotiate with the acquirer in order to procure more favorable terms for shareholders than those presented by the acquirer.

MCI believes that persons who would make a large-scale acquisition that would harm MCI's corporate value and the common interests of its shareholders, including those acquisitions described in the above examples, or who would act in a similar manner would be inappropriate to become persons who control decisions on MCI's financial and business policies.

2. Initiatives for Realizing the Basic Policy

Since its establishment in October 1997 the corporate mission of MCI has been to contribute broadly to society by providing high-quality products and services to customers through innovations and creation of materials, while keeping in harmony with the global environment, and on this basis, it has worked to ensure and enhance corporate value and shareholders' common interests.

The source of MCI's corporate value comprises the following factors.

(a) Research and development ability that creates new technologies and products.

MCI has superior catalyst technology, polymer technology, synthetic organic chemistry technology, processing technology and process technology that have been cultivated over a long period of time. As a result of the creation and provision to customers of high-quality products and services in a wide range of areas such as automotive materials, electronics and information materials, life, environment and energy materials, and packaging materials based on the above technologies,

while appropriately reflecting customers' needs in the creation and provision of these products and services, MCI now has various products that enjoy large shares of both domestic and global markets. In addition, MCI has developed new technologies and products in areas such as solar power components, electronics and information films, eco-friendly vehicles, next-generation functional chemical products, and biomass chemicals through its continued research and development from a medium-to-long-term perspective, thereby gradually creating future core businesses. This superior research and development ability has become the basis for MCI's increased profits in the future.

- (b) Global production and sales structures and marketing ability MCI has business bases in 14 countries all over the world and has been expanding its production and sales on a global scale, achieving the ratio of overseas sales of 43% in fiscal year 2002. In addition, in recent years, MCI has been working to expand its business by establishing bases in emerging countries such as India and Brazil, and it is expected that overseas sales of MCI will increase further in the future. With demand for MCI's products increasing on a global scale, especially in Asia, MCI's global production, sales structures and marketing ability are also essential factors for successfully meeting such demand and linking it to profit.
- (c) Relationships of trust with outside stakeholders of MCI As a result of its long years of continued business, MCI has built close relationships of trust with various outside stakeholders such as its shareholders, customers, trading partners including suppliers of raw materials, government and public officers, the communities that neighbor business bases, and joint venture partners. MCI believes that it is of the greatest importance to maintain and develop such relationships of trust with these stakeholders in order to expand its business in the future.
- (d) Diverse personnel with highly specialized knowledge and challenging spirit

In order for MCI to push forward with the development of highly functional and high-quality products and the creation of new businesses, and in so doing expand its business on a global scale, it is essential to secure capable personnel with highly specialized knowledge and a spirit of challenge. Under the close relationships of trust with its employees that have been forged over a long period of time, MCI strives to secure and train capable personnel, which with a view to global business development also includes employees with foreign nationalities. Securing and training such personnel has become even more important because it is essential to renew and globally develop the business portfolio in order for MCI to increase its profit into the future.

On its 10th anniversary in 2007, MCI formulated the "Grand Design" (since partially revised), which is to serve as a fundamental framework for management of Mitsui Chemicals Group and assure further growth for the coming 10 to 15 years, in order to ensure and enhance MCI's corporate value and, in turn, the common interests of its shareholders based on the source of MCI's corporate value described above. The Grand Design has set Mitsui Chemical Group the corporate target of "Constantly pursuing innovation and growth to become a chemical group with an undisputed global presence". In addition, it has outlined the long-term management target for the next 8 to 10 years and, for continued sustenance of corporate value, it has set forth three axes which included an economic axis (for financial goals), an environmental axis (for environmental goals), and a social axis (for social goals). Corporate activities and management performance are to be based on a balance of these three axes. The financial goals are operating profit of over 150.0 billion yen and ROA (return on assets) of over 10%. The environmental goals are reduction of greenhouse gases on the basic unit basis, minimization of industrial waste, and development of technologies to utilize non-fossil fuel resources. The social goals are attaining global top level workplace safety.

For the early actualization of these goals by 2013, the final year of the 2011 mid-term business plan, MCI has formulated and rolled out specific measures to establish a business portfolio for growth and sustainability with the fundamental strategies of "expansion of businesses more resilient to changing economic conditions", "global expansion of highly competitive businesses", "creation of core businesses for the future", and "strengthening competitiveness in the domestic market", in light of the future image that should be targeted by Mitsui Chemicals Group. In the

past two years, MCI has successfully pursued the implementation of specific measures such as (i) establishing overseas bases in the area of agrochemicals, (ii) establishing manufacturing and sales companies for metallocene catalyst type highly functional polyethylene and highly functional packaging films in Asia, (iii) implementing M&A and increasing and strengthening capacity at business bases all over the world in the polypropylene (PP) compound business, (iv) implementing M&A in the ophthalmic lens materials business, (v) deciding to implement large scale M&A in the dental materials business, and (iv) commencing construction for a solar/wind joint project. With regard to the strengthening of competitiveness in the domestic market, MCI has also carried out measures such as the partial suspension of the manufacturing facilities for polyurethane materials and general-purpose polyolefins. In line with these measures, MCI has been striving to strengthen its business, including strategic M&A, in order to accelerate the implementation of strategies even further by focusing its managerial resources on the three top-share areas; namely, (i) the high-value-added polymers area, which contains the elastomer and PP compound businesses, (ii) the high performance products area such as health care business, and (iii) the phenol chain.

Pursuing these various measures, MCI will expand and thereby further stabilize the source of its corporate value, while also endeavoring through the creation and expansion of business to enhance its corporate value and, in turn, the common interests of its shareholders.

Furthermore, MCI believes fulfillment of its corporate responsibility and the earning of society's trust are crucial to maintaining corporate value and sustainability. Among its responsibility to society, MCI believes strengthening of corporate governance to be of utmost importance. To this end, MCI has appointed outside directors (and has notified the Tokyo Stock Exchange that MCI has made both of the two outside directors independent directors), has been emphasizing the role of corporate auditors, developed and strengthened internal control systems, and intensified functions of its risk compliance committee. In addition, to gain the trust of all stakeholders, including shareholders, customers, trading partners, employees, and local communities, MCI will continue to

improve and intensify corporate social responsibility (CSR) activities especially by making efforts to conserve the environment and maintain safety and quality, to engage in social contribution activities, and to fully comply with laws, ordinances and rules.

3. Measures to Prevent Decisions on MCI's Financial and Business Policies from being Controlled by Persons Deemed Inappropriate under the Basic Policy

(1) Purpose of the Plan

As set out in Initiatives for Realizing the Basic Policy, MCI is engaged in initiatives to ensure and enhance its corporate value and the common interests of its shareholders while effectively utilizing the source of MCI's corporate value that MCI has built up over many years.

Recently, however, as explained above, the situation is such that there is the possibility of MCI's corporate value and the common interests of its shareholders being harmed through inappropriate large-scale acquisitions of MCI shares. In order for MCI to ensure and enhance its corporate value sustainably in the future amid the intense competition in the chemicals industry, it is necessary to aggressively conduct measures such as business portfolio reform against a backdrop of MCI's innovative corporate culture, research and development from a medium-to-long-term perspective and appropriate allocation of management resources, and preservation of relationships of mutual trust with stakeholders through ensuring environmental soundness, safety, and quality. Unless such measures are steadily conducted by the acquirer of MCI shares, MCI's corporate value and the common interests of its shareholders will be harmed.

In these circumstances, the Board of Directors renewed the Former Plan, having determined that, when MCI receives an acquisition proposal from an acquirer for MCI shares, a mechanism would be necessary to enable MCI to stave off any large-scale acquisition that would harm MCI's corporate value and the common interests of its shareholders by ensuring necessary time and information for the shareholders to decide whether or

not to accept such proposal and for the Board of Directors to make an alternative proposal to the shareholders, and by enabling the Board of Directors to negotiate with the acquirer for the benefit of the shareholders. MCI believes that these circumstances remain the same today.

For the reasons stated above, as a part of MCI's efforts to prevent decisions on its financial and business policies from being controlled by persons deemed inappropriate under the Basic Policy, the Board of Directors has decided to renew the Former Plan subject to the shareholders' approval at the Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders. MCI has not received any specific proposal for a large-scale acquisition from a third party as of the date of this press release. Stock information on MCI as of March 31, 2013 is shown in the Attachment "MCI Stock Information (as of March 31, 2013)".

(2) Plan Outline (see Appendix 1 for the outline chart)

(a) Establishment of Procedures for Triggering the Plan

The Plan establishes procedures, in the case that there is an Acquisition (as defined in section (3)(a), 'Procedures for Triggering the Plan'; the same applies hereafter) of MCI shares, for requesting the acquirer or party proposing the Acquisition (collectively the "Acquirer") to provide information in advance related to the Acquisition, for securing time to collect information with respect to, and to consider, the Acquisition, and for MCI to propose the management team's plan or an alternative proposal to shareholders, or to negotiate with the Acquirer. These actions are taken for the purpose of ensuring and enhancing MCI's corporate value and common interests of its shareholders (see section (3) 'Procedures for Triggering the Plan').

(b) Gratis Allotment of the Stock Acquisition Rights and Use of Independent Committee

If an Acquisition by the Acquirer that is deemed to have the potential to damage MCI's corporate value and the common interests of its shareholders, such as an Acquisition conducted without following the procedures established by the Plan (see section (4) 'Requirements for Gratis Allotment of the Stock Acquisition Rights' below for details), MCI shall make an allotment of stock acquisition rights with (a) an exercise

condition that does not allow the Acquirers to exercise the stock acquisition rights, and (b) an acquisition provision to the effect that MCI may acquire the stock acquisition rights in exchange for MCI shares from persons other than the Acquirers (the "Stock Acquisition Rights"; details provided below in section (5) 'Outline of Gratis Allotment of the Stock Acquisition Rights'), by means of a gratis allotment of stock acquisition rights (*shinkabu yoyakuken mushou wariate*) (prescribed by Article 277 and relevant provisions thereafter of the Companies Act) to all shareholders at that time.

In order to eliminate arbitrary decisions by the Board of Directors, decisions with respect to matters such as the implementation or non-implementation of the gratis allotment of the Stock Acquisition Rights or the acquisition of the Stock Acquisition Rights must undergo the decision of an independent committee, which is solely composed of members who are independent from MCI's management team, namely, (i) MCI's outside directors, (ii) MCI's outside corporate auditors, and (iii) distinguished professionals from outside MCI (e.g., experienced corporate managers, former government officials, people with substantial experience in investment banking, attorneys, certified public accountants and academic experts) (the "Independent Committee"), in accordance with the Independent Committee Rules (see Appendix 2 for a summary), upon confirmation of the shareholders' intent in certain cases, and transparency will be ensured by timely disclosure to all MCI's shareholders. The names and career summaries of the persons slated to make up the Independent Committee upon the Renewal of the Plan are provided in Appendix 3.

(c) Exercise of the Stock Acquisition Rights and MCI's Acquisition of the Stock Acquisition Rights

Should a gratis allotment of the Stock Acquisition Rights be conducted in accordance with the Plan and MCI shares be granted to shareholders other than the Acquirer through the exercise of the Stock Acquisition Rights by shareholders other than the Acquirer or in exchange for the Stock Acquisition Rights acquired by MCI, the ratio of shareholder voting rights held by the Acquirer may be diluted by up to fifty percent.

(3) Procedures for Triggering the Plan

(a) Targeted Acquisitions

Under the Plan, a gratis allotment of the Stock Acquisition Rights is conducted by following procedures set forth by the Plan in the case where an acquisition falls under 1) or 2) below or any similar action, or a proposal¹ for acquisition or any similar action (except for such action as the Board of Directors separately determines not to be subject to the Plan; the "Acquisition") is made.

- 1) A purchase or other acquisition that would result in the holding ratio of share certificates, etc. (*kabuken tou hoyuu wariai*)² of a holder (*hoyuusha*)³ totaling 20% or more of the share certificates, etc. (*kabuken tou*)⁴ issued by MCI; or
- 2) A tender offer (*koukai kaitsuke*)⁵ that would result in the party conducting the tender offer's ownership ratio of share certificates, etc. (*kabuken tou shoyuu wariai*)⁶ of share certificates, etc. (*kabuken tou*)⁷ and the ownership ratio of share certificates, etc. of a person having a special relationship (*tokubetsu kankei-sha*)⁸ totaling at least 20% of the share certificates, etc. issued by MCI.

The Acquirer shall follow the procedures prescribed in the Plan, and the Acquirer must not effect the Acquisition until and unless the Board of Directors resolves not to implement the gratis allotment of the Stock Acquisition Rights in accordance with the Plan.

¹ "Proposal" includes solicitation of a third party for an acquisition or any similar action.

² Defined in Article 27-23(4) of the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act of Japan. This definition applies throughout this document.

³ Including persons described as a holder under Article 27-23(3) of the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act of Japan. The same applies throughout this document.

⁴ Defined in Article 27-23(1) of the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act of Japan. Unless otherwise provided for in this document, the same applies throughout this document.

⁵ Defined in Article 27-2(6) of the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act of Japan. The same applies throughout this document.

⁶ Defined in Article 27-2(8) of the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act of Japan. The same applies throughout this document.

⁷ Defined in Article 27-2(1) of the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act of Japan.

Defined in Article 27-2(1) of the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act of Japan (including persons who are deemed to fall under the above by the Board of Directors); provided, however, that persons provided for in Article 3(2) of the Cabinet Office Regulations concerning Disclosure of a Tender Offer by an Acquirer other than the Issuing Company are excluded from the persons described in Article 27-2(7)(i) of the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act of Japan. The same applies throughout this document.

(b) Request to the Acquirer for the provision of information

Except when approved otherwise by the Board of Directors, any Acquirer conducting an Acquisition described in (a) above shall be required to submit to MCI in the form prescribed by MCI a document that includes information necessary to consider the details of the Acquisitions described in each item of the list below (the "Necessary Information"), and an undertaking that the Acquirer will upon the Acquisition comply with the procedures set out in the Plan (collectively "Acquisition Documents") before executing the Acquisition.

If the Board of Directors receives the aforementioned Acquisition Documents, it will promptly deliver it to the Independent Committee. If the Independent Committee receives the Acquisition Documents and determines that the Acquisition Documents does not contain sufficient Necessary Information, the Independent Committee may set a reply deadline and directly or through the Board of Directors request that the Acquirer provide additional Necessary Information. In this case, the Acquirer is required to submit the additional Necessary Information by the deadline.

- 1) Details (including the specific name, capital structure and financial information) of the Acquirer and its group (including joint holders, persons having a special relationship, (and in the case of funds) fund members and other members)
- 2) Purpose, method and terms of the Acquisition (including the type and amount of compensation, timeframe, scheme of any related transactions, legality of methods and feasibility of the Acquisition)
- 3) The purchase price of the Acquisition and the basis for the calculation of the purchase price (including facts and assumptions on which the calculation is premised, calculation methods, numerical data used in the calculation and synergies expected to arise from the series of transactions related to the Acquisition, and, more specifically, synergies accorded to minority shareholders)
- 4) Information relating to any agreement between the Acquirer and a

11

⁹ Defined in Article 27-23(5) of the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act of Japan, including persons who are deemed joint holders under Article 27-23(6) of the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act of Japan by the Board of Directors. The same applies throughout this document.

third party regarding the share certificates, etc. of MCI and any previous acquisition of share certificates, etc. of MCI by the Acquirer.

- 5) Financial support for the Acquisition (specifically including the names of fund providers (including all indirect providers), financing methods, and terms of any related transactions)
- 6) Post-acquisition management policies, business plans, capital policies and dividend policies for MCI Group
- 7) Post-acquisition policies for dealing with MCI group's shareholders (other than the Acquirer), employees, business partners, customers and other stakeholders
- 8) Specific measures to avoid any conflict of interest between the Acquirer and other shareholders of the MCI if there is a possibility of such conflict of interest.
- 9) Information regarding any relationship with an anti-social force
- 10) Any other information that the Independent Committee reasonably considers necessary

When it is deemed that an Acquirer has commenced an Acquisition without following the procedures established in the Plan, the Independent Committee shall, in principle, recommend to the Board of Directors to implement a gratis allotment of the Stock Acquisition Rights in accordance with (d)1) below, except in particular circumstances where it should continue with its requests for submission of the Acquisition Documents and Necessary Information to conduct discussion and negotiation with the Acquirer.

- (c) Consideration of Acquisition Terms, Negotiation with Acquirer, Submission of Alternatives
 - 1) Request to the Board of Directors for the Provision of Information If the Acquirer submits the Acquisition Documents and any Necessary Information that has been additionally requested by the Independent Committee, the Independent Committee may, in order to compare the details of the Acquisition Documents and the Necessary Information with the business plan of the Board of Directors or the like from the perspective of ensuring and enhancing MCI's corporate value and the common interests of its shareholders, request the Board of Directors to promptly provide an opinion on the Acquirer's Acquisition terms (including an opinion to refrain from giving such opinion; the same

applies throughout this document), supporting documents, alternatives (if any) and any other information or documents deemed appropriate and necessary by the Independent Committee within a reasonable period of time set by the Independent Committee (in principle, within 60 days, taking into account that MCI is engaged in a wide range of business such as petrochemical feedstocks, industrial chemicals, synthetic fiber raw materials, automotive and industrial materials, electronic and IT materials, agrochemicals, ophthalmic lens materials and dental materials, that MCI has business partners in various industries, and that the business scale of MCI group, which consists of 113 consolidated companies in 14 countries over the world, is extensive).

2) Independent Committee Consideration

If the Independent Committee deems that the Acquirer and the Board of Directors (when the Board of Directors is requested to provide information and documents in accordance with 1) above) have provided sufficient information and documents (including those additionally requested), the Independent Committee shall set a reasonable consideration period (taking into account MCI's business characteristics set out in 1) above, of no more than 60 days in principle; however, in accordance with (d)3) below, the Independent Committee may extend the period by its resolution; the "Independent Committee Consideration Period").

Based on the information and documents provided by the Acquirer and the Board of Directors during the Independent Committee Consideration Period, the Independent Committee shall consider the Acquirer's Acquisition terms, consider any alternative proposals submitted by the Board of Directors, collect information on and compare the business plans of the Acquirer and the Board of Directors and the like from the perspective of ensuring and enhancing MCI's corporate value and the common interests of its shareholders. Also, if necessary, the Independent Committee shall conduct discussions and negotiations with the Acquirer, itself or through the Board of Directors, in order to improve the terms of the Acquisition from the perspective of ensuring and enhancing MCI's corporate value and the common

interests of its shareholders, and shall present MCI's alternative proposal to the shareholders.

The Acquirer must promptly respond when the Independent Committee requests the Acquirer, itself or through the Board of Directors, to provide materials for consideration or any other information, or to discuss or negotiate with the Independent Committee within the Independent Committee Consideration Period.

In order to ensure that the Independent Committee's decision contributes to MCI's corporate value and the common interests of its shareholders, the Independent Committee may obtain advice from independent third parties (including financial advisors, certified public accountants, attorneys, consultants and other experts) at MCI's expense.

(d) Judgment by the Independent Committee

If an Acquirer emerges, the Independent Committee will provide a recommendation to the Board of Directors in accordance with the following procedures.

1) Recommendation for the Triggering of the Plan

If the Acquirer fails to comply with the procedures prescribed in (b) or (c) above, or if as a result of the consideration of the terms of the Acquirer's Acquisition and discussions or negotiations with the Acquirer, the Independent Committee determines that the Acquisition by the Acquirer corresponds to any of the requirements set out in section (4) 'Requirements for Gratis Allotment of the Stock Acquisition Rights' below, the Independent Committee shall recommend to the Board of Directors that a gratis allotment of the Stock Acquisition Rights be implemented irrespective of whether the Independent Committee Consideration Period has started or ended. The Independent Committee may recommend implementation of the gratis allotment of the Stock Acquisition Rights subject to obtaining approval at a shareholders meeting in advance.

Notwithstanding the foregoing paragraph, if the Independent Committee

determines any of the following circumstances applies, even after the Independent Committee has already made a recommendation for the implementation of the gratis allotment of the Stock Acquisition Rights, the Independent Committee may make a new decision and recommend it to the Board of Directors. Such recommendation may include canceling the gratis allotment of the Stock Acquisition Rights up to the second business day prior to the ex-rights date with respect to the gratis allotment, or MCI's acquisition of the Stock Acquisition Rights for no consideration up to the day prior to the first day of the exercise period for the Stock Acquisition Rights following the effective date for the gratis allotment.

- (i) The Acquirer withdraws the Acquisition or the Acquisition otherwise ceases to exist after the initial recommendation.
- (ii) The facts or information that formed the basis for the initial recommendation change and the Acquisition by the Acquirer no longer corresponds to any of the requirements set out in section (4) 'Requirements for Gratis Allotment of the Stock Acquisition Rights' below.

2) Recommendation for the Non-Triggering of the Plan

If as a result of the consideration of the terms of the Acquirer's Acquisition and discussions or negotiations with the Acquirer, the Independent Committee determines that the Acquisition by the Acquirer does not correspond to any of the requirements set out in section (4) 'Requirements for Gratis Allotment of the Stock Acquisition Rights' below, or the Board of Directors does not provide the opinion prescribed in (c)1) above or information and documents requested by the Independent Committee within the specified timeframe despite the requirement by the Independent Committee, the Independent Committee shall recommend to the Board of Directors that the gratis allotment of the Stock Acquisition Rights not be implemented, irrespective of whether or not the Independent Committee Consideration Period has ended.

Notwithstanding the foregoing paragraph, if the Independent Committee determines that the facts or information that formed the basis for the recommendation change and the Acquisition by the Acquirer corresponds to any of the requirements set out in section (4) 'Requirements for Gratis

Allotment of the Stock Acquisition Rights' below, even after the Independent Committee has already made a recommendation for the non-implementation of the gratis allotment of the Stock Acquisition Rights, the Independent Committee may make a new decision and recommend it to the Board of Directors. Such recommendation could include the implementation of a gratis allotment of the Stock Acquisition Rights.

3) Extension of the Independent Committee Consideration Period

If the Independent Committee does not reach a recommendation for either the implementation or non-implementation of the gratis allotment of the Stock Acquisition Rights by the end of the initial Independent Committee Consideration Period, the Independent Committee will, to the extent that is necessary for actions such as consideration of the terms of the Acquirer's Acquisition, discussion or negotiation with the Acquirer, or consideration of alternative proposals (in principle up to 30 days), adopt a resolution to extend the Independent Committee Consideration Period.

If the Independent Committee Consideration Period is extended through the aforementioned resolution, the Independent Committee will continue to collect information, consider the Acquisition and perform similar activities, and use its best efforts to make a recommendation for the implementation or non-implementation of the gratis allotment of the Stock Acquisition Rights or provide an alternative proposal within the extended period.

(e) Resolutions by the Board of Directors

When the Independent Committee makes the aforementioned recommendation, the Board of Directors, in exercising their role as an organization under the Companies Act, shall promptly make a resolution relating to the implementation or non-implementation of a gratis allotment of the Stock Acquisition Rights (including the resolution of canceling the gratis allotment of the Stock Acquisition Rights or MCI's acquisition of the Stock Acquisition Rights for no consideration) respecting to the maximum extent any recommendation by the Independent Committee described above. If the Shareholders Meeting (defined in (f) below) is convened in accordance with (f) below, the Board

of Directors will follow the resolution at the Shareholders Meeting.

(f) Convocation of the Shareholders Meeting

Notwithstanding (e) above, upon the implementation of the gratis allotment of the Stock Acquisition Rights pursuant to the Plan, the Board of Directors may convene a meeting of shareholders (the "Shareholders Meeting") and confirm the intent of MCI shareholders regarding the implementation of the gratis allotment of the Stock Acquisition Rights, if (I) the Independent Committee recommends implementation of the gratis allotment of the Stock Acquisition Rights subject to obtaining approval at a shareholders meeting in advance in accordance with (d)1) above, or (II) the Board of Directors determines it appropriate to confirm the shareholders' intent taking into consideration the time required to convene a general meeting of shareholders or other matters pursuant to the duty of care of a good manager.

(g) Information Disclosure

When operating the Plan, MCI will disclose, in a timely manner, information on matters that the Independent Committee or the Board of Directors considers appropriate including the progress of each procedure set out in the Plan (including the fact that the Acquisition Documents has been submitted, the fact that the Independent Committee Consideration Period has commenced, and the fact that the Independent Committee Consideration Period has been extended, as well as the extended period and the reason for the extension), an outline of recommendations made by the Independent Committee, an outline of resolutions by the Board of Directors or the Shareholders Meeting, in accordance with the applicable laws and ordinances or the regulations of the financial instruments exchange.

(4) Requirements for Gratis Allotment of the Stock Acquisition Rights

If the Acquisition by the Acquirer corresponds to any of the following conditions (a) through (g) and it is reasonable to implement the gratis allotment of the Stock Acquisition Rights, MCI intends to implement the gratis allotment of the Stock Acquisition Rights by a resolution of the Board of Directors, as stated above in (e) of section (3) 'Procedures for

Triggering the Plan'. In accordance with (d) of section (3) 'Procedures for Triggering the Plan', the determination as to whether the Acquisition corresponds to the following requirements will always be made through the Independent Committee.

- (a) The Acquisition is not in compliance with the procedures prescribed in the Plan such as provision of information or ensuring the Independent Committee Consideration Period set out in (b) of section (3) 'Procedures for Triggering the Plan'.
- (b) The Acquisition threatens to cause obvious harm to MCI's corporate value and the common interests of its shareholders through actions similar to and including the following:
 - 1) a buyout of share certificates, etc. to require such share certificates, etc. to be compulsorily purchased by MCI and its affiliated party at a high price;
 - 2) management that achieves an advantage for the Acquirer to the detriment of MCI, such as temporary control of MCI's management for the low-cost acquisition of its material assets;
 - 3) diversion of MCI's assets to secure or repay debts of the Acquirer or its group company; or
 - 4) temporary control of MCI's management to bring about a disposal of high-value assets that have no current relevance to MCI's business and declaring temporarily high dividends from the profits of the disposal, or selling the shares at a high price taking advantage of the opportunity afforded by the sudden rise in share prices created by the temporarily high dividends.
- (c) The Acquisition threatens to have the effect of coercing shareholders into selling shares, such as coercive two-tiered tender offers (meaning acquisitions of shares including tender offers, in which no offer is made to acquire all shares in the initial acquisition, and acquisition terms for the second stage are set that are unfavorable or unclear).
- (d) The Acquisition does not provide MCI with the period of time reasonably necessary to present an alternative to the Acquisition.

- (e) The Acquisition does not adequately provide MCI shareholders with the Necessary Information or any other information considered reasonably necessary to assess the Acquisition terms.
- (f) The Acquisition terms (including the type and amount of compensation, timeframe, legality of methods, feasibility of execution, and post-acquisition policies dealing with MCI's employees, business partners, customers and other stakeholders) are conspicuously inadequate or inappropriate in light of MCI's intrinsic value.
- (g) The Acquisition materially threatens to oppose MCI's corporate value and, in turn, the common interests of its shareholders by destroying relationships with MCI's employees, business partners, customers and other parties that are indispensable to MCI in generating corporate value.
- (5) Outline of Gratis Allotment of the Stock Acquisition Rights
 An outline of the gratis allotment of the Stock Acquisition Rights under
 the Plan is described below.

(a) Number of the Stock Acquisition Rights

The number of the Stock Acquisition Rights to be allotted is the most recent total number of issued shares in MCI (excluding the number of shares in MCI held by MCI at that time) on a certain date (the "Allotment Date") that is separately determined in a resolution by the Board of Directors relating to the gratis allotment of the Stock Acquisition Rights (the "Gratis Allotment Resolution").

(b) Shareholders Eligible for Allotment

MCI will allot the Stock Acquisition Rights for no consideration to those shareholders, other than MCI, who are recorded in MCI's final shareholder register on the Allotment Date, at a ratio of one Stock Acquisition Right for each share in MCI held.

(c) Effective Date of Gratis Allotment of the Stock Acquisition Rights The effective date of the gratis allotment of the Stock Acquisition Rights will be separately determined in the Gratis Allotment Resolution. (d) Class and Number of Shares to be Acquired upon Exercise of the Stock Acquisition Rights

The class of shares to be acquired upon exercise of each Stock Acquisition Right is to be common stock of MCI, and the number of shares to be acquired upon exercise of each Stock Acquisition Right (the "Applicable Number of Shares") shall be one share except as separately adjusted.

(e) The Amount of Property to be Contributed upon Exercise of the Stock Acquisition Rights

Contributions upon exercise of the Stock Acquisition Rights are to be in cash, and the amount per share of property to be contributed upon exercise of the Stock Acquisition Rights will be an amount separately determined in the Gratis Allotment Resolution within the range of a minimum of one yen and a maximum of the amount equivalent to one-half of the fair market value of one share of MCI. "Fair market value" means the amount equivalent to the average closing price (including quotations) for regular transactions of the common stock of MCI on the Tokyo Stock Exchange on each day during the 90 day period prior to the Gratis Allotment Resolution (excluding the days on which there is no closing price), with any fraction less than one yen after such calculation to be rounded up to the nearest whole yen.

(f) Exercise Period of the Stock Acquisition Rights

The commencement date of the exercise period will be either the effective date of the gratis allotment of the Stock Acquisition Rights or a date separately determined in the Gratis Allotment Resolution, and the exercise period will be a period of one to two months as separately determined in the Gratis Allotment Resolution; provided, however, that if MCI acquires the Stock Acquisition Rights pursuant to the provisions of (i)2) below, the exercise period of the Stock Acquisition Rights with respect to that acquisition will be up to and including the business day immediately prior to the acquisition date. Further, if the final day of the exercise period falls on a non-business day for the payment place for the cash payable upon exercise, the final day will be the preceding business day.

(g) Conditions for the Stock Acquisition Rights

As a general rule, the following parties may not exercise the Stock Acquisition Rights (the parties falling under i) through vi) below shall collectively be referred to as "Specified Acquirers"):

- i) Specified Large Holders;10
- ii) Joint holders of Specified Large Holders;
- iii) Specified Large Purchasers;¹¹
- iv) Persons having a Special Relationship with Specified Large Purchasers;
- v) Any transferee of or successor to the Stock Acquisition Rights of any person falling under i) through iv) without the approval of the Board of Directors; or
- vi) Any Affiliated Party¹² of any person falling under i) through v).

Further, nonresidents of Japan who are required to follow certain procedures under applicable foreign laws and regulations to exercise the Stock Acquisition Rights may not as a general rule exercise the Stock

¹⁰ "Specified Large Holder" means a person who is a holder of share certificates, etc. issued by MCI and whose holding ratio of share certificates, etc. in respect of such share certificates, etc. is regarded as at least 20% by the Board of Directors; provided, however, that a person that the Board of Directors recognizes as a person whose acquisition or holding of share certificates, etc. of MCI is not contrary to MCI's corporate value or the common interests of shareholders and a person determined by the Board of Directors in the Gratis Allotment Resolution is not a Specified Large Holder. The same applies throughout this document.

^{11 &}quot;Specified Large Purchaser" means a person who makes a public announcement of purchase, etc. (as defined in Article 27-2(1) of the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act; the same applies in this footnote) of share certificates, etc. (as defined in Article 27-2(1) of the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act; the same applies in this footnote) issued by MCI through tender offer and whose ratio of ownership of share certificates, etc. in respect of such share certificates, etc. owned by such person after such purchase, etc. (including similar ownership as prescribed in Article 7(1) of the Order for Enforcement of the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act) is regarded by the Board of Directors as at least 20% when combined with the ratio of ownership of share certificates, etc. of a person having a Special Relationship; provided, however, that a person that the Board of Directors recognizes as a person whose acquisition or holding of share certificates, etc. of MCI is not contrary to MCI's corporate value or the common interests of shareholders and a person determined by the Board of Directors in the Gratis Allotment Resolution is not a Specified Large Purchaser. The same applies throughout this document.

¹² An "Affiliated Party" of a given party means a person who substantially controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with such given party (including any person who is deemed by the Board of Directors to fall under the above), or a person deemed by the Board of Directors to act in concert with such given party. 'Control' is defined as a situation in which a company controls decisions on financial and business policies of another company (Article 3- 3 of Enforcement Regulations of the Companies Act).

Acquisition Rights (provided, however, that certain nonresidents, such as those who may use any exemption provision under the applicable laws and regulations in such foreign country, will be able to exercise the Stock Acquisition Rights and the Stock Acquisition Rights held by such nonresidents will be subject to acquisition by MCI in exchange for shares of MCI as set out in (i) below).

(h) Assignment of the Stock Acquisition Rights Any acquisition of the Stock Acquisition Rights by assignment requires the approval of the Board of Directors.

(i) Acquisition of the Stock Acquisition Rights by MCI

- 1) At any time on or before the date immediately prior to the commencement date of the exercise period, if the Board of Directors recognizes that it is appropriate for MCI to acquire the Stock Acquisition Rights, MCI may, on a date separately determined by the Board of Directors, acquire all the Stock Acquisition Rights for no consideration.
- 2) On a date separately determined by the Board of Directors, MCI may acquire all the Stock Acquisition Rights that have not been exercised before or on the business day immediately prior to such date determined by the Board of Directors and that are held by parties other than Specified Acquirers, and, in exchange, deliver shares of MCI to the number equivalent to the Applicable Number of Shares for each Stock Acquisition Right. MCI may implement such acquisition more than once.

(j) Other

In addition, the details of the Stock Acquisition Rights will be separately determined in the Gratis Allotment Resolution.

(6) Effective Period of the Plan

The effective period of the Plan will be from the conclusion of the Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders until the conclusion of the ordinary general meeting of shareholders for the fiscal year ending March 2016 (fiscal year 2015). If a gratis allotment of the Stock Acquisition Rights is implemented based on the Plan, the Gratis Allotment Resolution

will be made during the effective period of the Plan.

(7) Abolition, Revision and Amendment of the Plan

If, after the implementation of the Plan, even before the expiration of the effective period, there is 1) a resolution for abolishing the Plan made at MCI's general meeting of shareholders or 2) a resolution for abolishing the Plan made at a meeting of the Board of Directors composed of the directors chosen at MCI's general meeting of shareholders, the Plan shall be abolished at that time. Accordingly, the Plan may be abolished in accordance with the intent of MCI shareholders.

Further, even during the effective period of the Plan, the Board of Directors may revise or amend the Plan if such revision or amendment is not against the intention of the resolution of the ordinary general meeting of shareholders for the Renewal and subject to the approval of the Independent Committee.

If the Plan is abolished, revised or amended, MCI shall promptly disclose the fact of such abolishment, revision or amendment; the details of the revisions or amendments (in such cases); and other matters deemed appropriate by the Board of Directors or the Independent Committee.

The provisions of laws and regulations referred to in the Plan are subject to the prevailing provisions effective as of May 10, 2013. If necessary due to the formulation, amendment or abolishment of laws or regulations, the provisions or definitions set out in the Plan may be read accordingly as required to a reasonable extent, taking into consideration the purpose of such formulation, amendment or abolishment.

4. The Plan Complies with the Basic Policy and is not Designed to Harm the Common Interests of MCI Shareholders nor to Preserve the Position of MCI's Executives, and Supporting Reasons

(1) The Plan is Designed to Fully Satisfy the Requirements of the Guidelines for Takeover Defense Measures

The Plan fully satisfies the three principles (principle of ensuring and enhancing corporate value and shareholders' common interests, principle of

advance disclosure and shareholders' will, and principle of ensuring the necessity and reasonableness) established in the Guidelines Regarding Takeover Defense Measures for the Purpose of Protection and Enhancement of Corporate Value and Shareholders' Common Interests released on May 27, 2005 by the Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry and the Ministry of Justice. In addition, the Plan is designed for operability grounded on the "Takeover Defense Measures in Light of Recent Environmental Changes" issued by the Corporate Value Study Group on June 30, 2008.

(2) The Plan is Renewed for the Purpose of Ensuring and Enhancing Shareholders' Common Interests

As stated in section 3.(1) 'Purpose of the Plan', the Plan is to be introduced and renewed for the purpose of ensuring and enhancing MCI's corporate value and the common interests of its shareholders by introducing a mechanism that makes it possible, in the case where an Acquisition of MCI shares is conducted, to ensure necessary time and information for the shareholders to decide whether or not to accept the Acquisition and for the Board of Directors to make an alternative proposal, and enables the Board of Directors to negotiate with the Acquirer for the benefit of the shareholders.

(3) The Plan Prioritizes the Intent of Shareholders

As stated in section 3.(1) 'Purpose of the Plan', the Renewal is subject to the shareholder's approval at the Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders. The Board of Directors will confirm the shareholders' intent at the Shareholders Meeting as to whether or not to trigger the Plan in certain cases.

Also, as stated in section 3.(7) 'Abolition, Revision and Amendment of the Plan', if, even before the end of the effective period for the Plan, a resolution is made at a general meeting of shareholders to abolish the Plan, the Plan shall be abolished at that time. In this sense, the existence of the Plan reflects the intent of the shareholders.

(4) The Plan Prioritizes the Decisions of Highly Independent Outside

Parties and Provides for Information Disclosure

MCI has established the Independent Committee as an organization that will eliminate arbitrary decisions by the Board of Directors and objectively make the substantive decisions as to the triggering or other operation of the Plan for the benefit of the shareholders.

The Independent Committee is composed of three or more members who are independent of the management team involved in business execution for MCI and who are either (i) MCI's outside directors, (ii) MCI's outside corporate auditors, or (iii) distinguished professionals from outside MCI. (As stated in (b) of section 3.(2) 'Plan Outline', the names and career summaries of the people slated to make up the Independent Committee at the time of the Renewal are provided in Appendix 3.)

As stated in section 3.(3) 'Procedures for Triggering the Plan', when an Acquisition is effected for MCI's share certificates, etc., the Independent Committee, in accordance with the Independent Committee Rules, makes the substantive decisions as to whether or not the Acquisition will harm MCI's corporate value and the common interests of its shareholders, and the Board of Directors, in exercising their role as an organization under the Companies Act, shall make the resolution respecting those decisions to the maximum extent (however, if a Shareholders Meeting is convened, the Board of Directors shall act in accordance with the resolution at the Shareholders Meeting.).

In this way the Independent Committee will strictly monitor the operation of the Plan so that it is not arbitrarily triggered by the Board of Directors. Summaries of the decisions by the Independent Committee are also disclosed to all shareholders. These mechanisms ensure the Plan will be transparently operated to contribute to MCI's corporate value and the common interests of its shareholders.

(5) The Plan Establishes Rational, Objective Requirements for Triggering As stated in (d) of section 3.(3) 'Procedures for Triggering the Plan' and in section 3.(4) 'Requirements for Gratis Allotment of the Stock Acquisition Rights', the Plan is established so that it will not be triggered unless rational and detailed objective requirements set out in advance

have been satisfied. These requirements constitute a mechanism for preventing the Board of Directors from arbitrarily triggering the Plan.

(6) The Plan Provides for the Acquisition of Opinions from Third-Party Experts

As stated in (c) of section 3.(3) 'Procedures for Triggering the Plan', when an Acquirer emerges, the Independent Committee is allowed to seek the advice of independent third parties (including financial advisors, certified public accountants, attorneys, consultants and other experts) at the expense of MCI. This provides a mechanism to better ensure the fairness and objectivity of the decisions made by the Independent Committee

- (7) The Term of Office of Directors is to be One Year
 The term of office of MCI's directors is one year, and it enables the intent
 of shareholders to be reflected in matters concerning the Plan through the
 election of directors every year.
- (8) The Plan Does Not Constitute a Dead-Hand Takeover Defense Measure or Slow-Hand Takeover Defense Measure

As stated above in 3.(7) 'Abolition, Revision and Amendment of the Plan', the Plan can be abolished at a meeting of the Board of Directors composed of directors appointed by MCI's general meeting of shareholders, so it would be possible for a party that made a large-scale acquisition of MCI shares to appoint directors at MCI's general meeting of shareholders and have the Plan abolished by the Board of Directors composed of the so-appointed directors.

Accordingly, the Plan does not constitute a dead-hand takeover defense measure (a takeover defense measure in which even if the majority of the board members are replaced, the triggering of the measure cannot be stopped).

Also, because MCI has not adopted a staggered board system, the Plan does not constitute a slow-hand takeover defense measure (a takeover defense measure that extends the amount of time required to stop the triggering due to the impossibility of replacing all board members at

once).

5. Impact on Shareholders

- (1) Impact on Shareholders at the Time of the Renewal At the time of the Renewal, the Plan will have no specific or direct impact on the rights or interests of shareholders or investors. This is because, at that time, no actual gratis allotment of the Stock Acquisition Rights will be implemented.
- (2) Impact on Shareholders at the Time of the Gratis Allotment of the Stock Acquisition Rights
 - (a) Procedures for the Gratis Allotment of the Stock Acquisition Rights If the Gratis Allotment Resolution is made, MCI will decide the Allotment Date in the same resolution and give public notice of the Allotment Date. In this case, MCI will make a gratis allotment of the Stock Acquisition Rights to the shareholders who are recorded in the final shareholder register as of the Allotment Date ("Entitled Shareholders") for one Stock Acquisition Right per share in MCI held by the Entitled Shareholders. All Entitled Shareholders will become Stock Acquisition Right holders as a matter of course on the effective date of the gratis allotment of the Stock Acquisition Rights, and no further procedures, such as application for such gratis allotment, will be necessary.

Even if the Gratis Allotment Resolution has already been made, MCI may cancel the gratis allotment of the Stock Acquisition Rights up to the second business day prior to the ex-rights date with respect to the gratis allotment, or acquire the Stock Acquisition Rights for no consideration up to the day prior to the first day of the exercise period for the Stock Acquisition Rights following the effective date for the gratis allotment of the Stock Acquisition Rights, respecting any recommendation by the Independent Committee as described above in (d)1) of section 3.(3) 'Procedures for Triggering the Plan' to the maximum extent. In such cases, the per-share value of MCI stock will not be diluted, which may, by changes in the price of the stock, result in unforeseen loss for investors who have traded shares based on the presumption that dilution

will occur.

(b) Procedures for Exercising the Stock Acquisition Rights

In principle, MCI will send the Entitled Shareholders the request form for exercise of the Stock Acquisition Rights (in a form prescribed by MCI that includes the necessary matters such as the terms and number of the Stock Acquisition Rights for exercise and the exercise date for the Stock Acquisition Rights, as well as representations and warranties regarding matters such as that the shareholders themselves satisfy the conditions for the exercise of the Stock Acquisition Rights, indemnity clauses and other covenants) and other documents necessary for exercise of the Stock Acquisition Rights. Following the gratis allotment of the Stock Acquisition Rights, the shareholders will be issued one share in MCI per one Stock Acquisition Right, in principle, upon submitting the necessary documents and making a cash payment to the payment handling office in the amount equivalent to the exercise price determined in the Gratis Allotment Resolution during the exercise period of the Stock Acquisition Rights. The exercise price per Stock Acquisition Right will be within the range of a minimum of one yen and a maximum of the amount equivalent to one-half of the fair market value of one share in MCI.

If the shareholders do not exercise their Stock Acquisition Rights or pay the amount equivalent to the exercise price, the shares they hold in MCI will be diluted by the exercise of the Stock Acquisition Rights by other shareholders.

However, in accordance with the provisions stated in (c) below, MCI may acquire the Stock Acquisition Rights from all shareholders other than Specified Acquirers and, in exchange, deliver shares in MCI to them. If MCI carries out these acquisition procedures, all shareholders other than Specified Acquirers will receive shares in MCI without exercising the Stock Acquisition Rights or paying the amount equivalent to the exercise price, and, in principle, shares in MCI they hold will not be diluted.

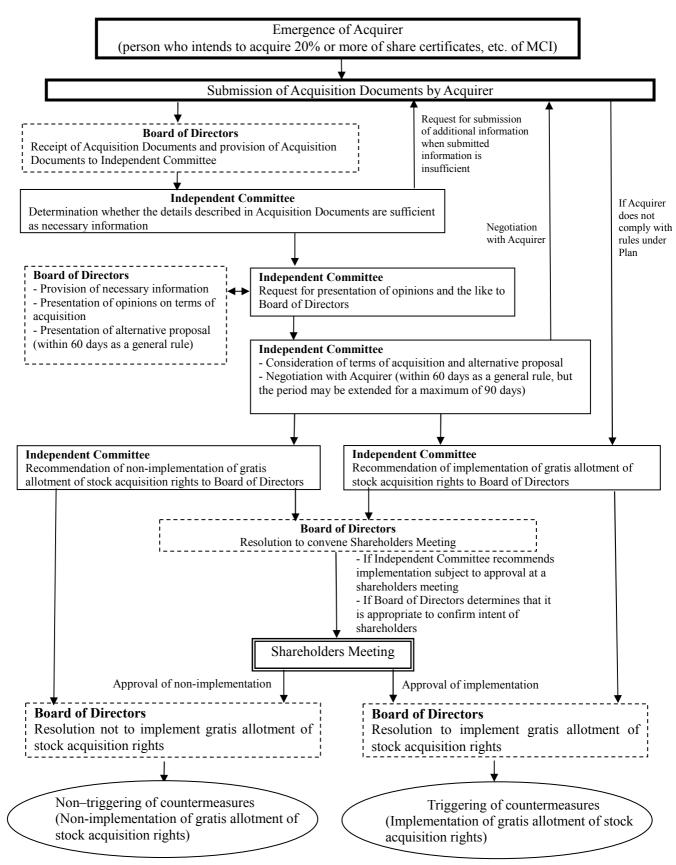
(c) Procedures for Acquisition of the Stock Acquisition Rights by MCI

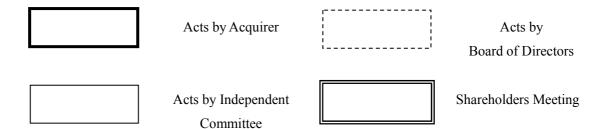
If the Board of Directors determines to acquire the Stock Acquisition Rights, MCI may acquire the Stock Acquisition Rights from all shareholders other than Specified Acquirers on the date separately determined by the Board of Directors in accordance with the statutory procedures, and, in exchange, deliver shares in MCI to these shareholders. In this case, the applicable shareholders will receive one share in MCI, in principle, for each Stock Acquisition Right as compensation for the acquisition of the Stock Acquisition Rights by MCI without paying the amount equivalent to the exercise price. Further, in this case, applicable shareholders may be separately requested to submit a written pledge in a format prescribed by MCI that includes representations and warranties regarding matters such as the fact that they are not Specified Acquirers, indemnity clauses and other covenants, and information necessary to allocate MCI shares to the account of the Entitled Shareholders

In addition to the above, details on allotment methods, exercise methods and methods of acquisition by MCI for the Stock Acquisition Rights will be released or notified to shareholders after the Gratis Allotment Resolution. Shareholders are requested to check these details at that time.

-End-

Outline Chart of the Plan





Note 1: When operating the Plan, MCI will timely disclose information regarding the status of progress of the procedures under the Plan, the outline of recommendations by the Independent Committee, the outline of resolutions at meetings of the Board of Directors or the Shareholders Meeting, or any other matters that the Independent Committee or the Board of Directors considers appropriate in accordance with applicable laws and ordinances or the regulations of the Tokyo Stock Exchange.

Note 2: The above flow chart was prepared for reference purposes only in order to describe the outline of the Plan in a way that is easy to understand, so please refer to the main text of this press release for the full details of the Plan.

-End-

Summary of the Independent Committee Rules

- The Independent Committee will be established by resolution of the Board of Directors.
- There will be at least three members of the Independent Committee, and the Board of Directors shall elect the members from (i) MCI's outside directors, (ii) MCI's outside corporate auditors, or (iii) distinguished outside professionals, who are independent of the management involved in MCI's business execution. However, such distinguished outside professionals must be experienced corporate managers, former government officials, people with substantial experience in investment banking, attorneys, certified public accountants, academic experts, or have equivalent qualifications, and must have executed an agreement separately specified by the Board of Directors with MCI that includes a provision obligating the professionals to exercise their duty of care to MCI or a similar provision.
- Unless otherwise determined in a resolution by the Board of Directors, the term of office of members of the Independent Committee will be until the conclusion of the ordinary general meeting of shareholders relating to the last fiscal year ending within one year from the appointment. The term of office of any Independent Committee member who is also an outside director or an outside corporate auditor will end at the same time they cease to be a director or a corporate auditor. However, if such committee member satisfies the requirements for distinguished outside professionals, the Board of Directors may reappoint that person as a committee member through the prescribed procedures.
- The Independent Committee will make decisions regarding the matters listed below and provide recommendations to the Board of Directors containing the details of and reasons for the decisions.
 Respecting such recommendations by the Independent Committee to the maximum extent, the Board of Directors shall resolve

implementation or non-implementation of gratis allotment of the Stock Acquisition Rights as an organization under the Companies Act (provided, however, that if the Shareholders Meeting resolves otherwise in respect to the implementation of the gratis allotment of the Stock Acquisition Rights as set out in 1) below, the Board of Directors shall follow such resolution). Each member of the Independent Committee and each director of MCI must make decisions from the perspective of whether or not it contributes to the interests of MCI, and must not seek to pursue individual profit for themselves or MCI's management.

- 1) Implementation or non-implementation of the gratis allotment of the Stock Acquisition Rights
- 2) Cancellation of the gratis allotment of the Stock Acquisition Rights, or MCI's acquisition of the Stock Acquisition Rights for no consideration
- 3) Other matters that are for determination by the Board of Directors in respect to which the Board of Directors has consulted the Independent Committee
- In addition to the matters described above, the Independent Committee will also conduct the matters listed below.
 - 1) Determination whether the Acquisition should be made subject to the Plan
 - 2) Determination of the information that the Acquirer and Board of Directors should provide to the Independent Committee, and response deadlines
 - 3) Establishment and extension of the Independent Committee Consideration Period
 - 4) Examination and consideration of the terms of the Acquirer's Acquisition
 - 5) Negotiations or discussions with Acquirers, directly or through the Board of Directors
 - 6) Requests to the Board of Directors for alternative proposals, consideration of alternative proposals formulated by the Board of Directors, and presentation of alternative proposals to shareholders
 - 7) Determination whether a general meeting of shareholders should be convened regarding the implementation of the gratis

- allotment of the Stock Acquisition Rights
- 8) Approval of revisions or amendments to the Plan
- 9) Any other matters prescribed in the Plan that the Independent Committee may conduct
- 10) Any matters that the Board of Directors separately determines that the Independent Committee may conduct
- · If the Independent Committee decides that the information contained in the Acquisition Documents is not adequate as Necessary Information, it will request that the Acquirer provide additional Necessary Information. If the Acquirer submits the Acquisition Documents and Necessary Information that the Independent Committee has additionally requested, the Independent Committee may also request that the Board of Directors provide within a reasonable prescribed period an opinion regarding the terms of the Acquirer's Acquisition, supporting documentation, alternative proposals (if any), and other information or documents deemed appropriate and necessary by the Independent Committee.
- If it is necessary, the Independent Committee will directly or through the Board of Directors discuss or negotiate with the Acquirer, in order to improve the terms of the Acquirer's Acquisition from the perspective of ensuring and enhancing MCI's corporate value and the common interests of shareholders, and will present alternative proposals to shareholders.
- In order to collect necessary information, the Independent Committee may request the attendance of MCI's directors, corporate auditors, executive officers, employees or other people that the Independent Committee considers necessary, and may require explanation of any matters it requests.
- The Independent Committee may, at MCI's expense, obtain advice from independent third parties (including financial advisors, certified public accountants, attorneys, consultants and other experts)or conduct similar actions.
- Any member of the Independent Committee may convene a meeting of the Independent Committee when an Acquisition is effected or at any other time.
- · As a general rule, resolutions by the Independent Committee will

pass with a majority vote when all members of the Independent Committee are in attendance (including attendance via video conference or telephone conference; hereinafter the same). However, if any member is unable to attend the meeting due to an accident or any other unavoidable reason, resolutions may be adopted by a majority vote when a majority of the members of the Independent Committee are present.

-End-

Candidates for the Independent Committee

Yoshio Suzuki			
April 1970	Appointed as public prosecutor		
April 1983	Professor at the Legal Training and Research Institute		
March 1987	Manager of Tax Litigation Division of Litigation		
	Bureau at Ministry of Justice		
June 1997	General manager of Criminal Division of Tokyo High		
	Public Prosecutors Office		
April 1999	Chief prosecutor at Otsu District Public Prosecutors		
	Office		
February 2003	General manager of General Affairs at Supreme Public		
	Prosecutors Office		
December 2006	Superintending prosecutor at Hiroshima High Public		
	Prosecutors Office		
January 2008	Retired as public prosecutor		
April 2008	Registered as attorney-at-law		
	Joined Ichibancho Sogo Law Offices (to present)		
	Professor at the Chuo Law School (to present)		
June 2010	Appointed as director of MCI (to present)		

^{*} Mr. Yoshio Suzuki is currently an outside director of MCI as provided for in Article 2, Item 15 of the Companies Act and will be re-appointed as an outside director of MCI subject to approval of the agenda item regarding his election as a director at the Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders.

Osamu Sekine

April 1969	Registered as attorney-at-law		
January 1987	Established Tsunematsu Yanase & Sekine		
January 2000	Became Partner at Nagashima Ohno & Tsunematsu due		
	to merger with Nagashima & Ohno		
January 2008	Became Advisor of Nagashima Ohno & Tsunematsu		
January 2013	Became Advisor of Aoyama Sogo Law Office(to		

^{*} He does not have any special interests in MCI.

present)

June 2013 Scheduled to be appointed as corporate auditor of MCI

* Mr. Osamu Sekine is scheduled to be appointed as an outside corporate auditor of MCI as provided for in Article 2, Item 16 of the Companies Act subject to approval of the agenda item regarding his election as a corporate auditor at the Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders.

^{*} He does not have any special interests in MCI.

Taeko Nagai			
April 1960	Joined NHK Japan Broadcasting Corporation		
August 1990	Manager of Urawa (now Saitama) Station of NHK		
	Japan Broadcasting Corporation		
June 1993	Executive editor of NHK Japan Broadcasting		
	Corporation (specializing in culture and education)		
April 1997	Director of Setagaya Culture and Life Information		
	Center		
January 2005	Vice President of NHK Japan Broadcasting		
	Corporation		
June 2009	Vice President of Setagaya Arts Foundation (to		
	present)		
June 2010	Appointed as director of MCI (to present)		

^{*} Ms. Taeko Nagai is currently an outside director of MCI as provided for in Article 2, Item 15 of the Companies Act and will be re-appointed as an outside director of MCI subject to approval of the agenda item regarding her election as a director at the Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders.

-End-

^{*} She does not have any special interests in MCI.

Attachment

MCI Stock Information (as of March 31, 2013)

1. Authorized Shares: 3,000,000,000 shares

2. Outstanding Shares: 1,022,020,076 shares

3. Major Shareholders

As of March 31, 2013

Address		Percentage of shares held to the total number of outstanding shares (%)
1-8-11 Harumi, Chuo-ku, Tokyo, Japan	57,845	5.65
2-11-3 Hamamatsucho, Minato-ku, Tokyo, Japan	48,318	4.72
1-8-11 Harumi, Chuo-ku, Tokyo, Japan	37,425	3.66
1-2-1 Otemachi, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo, Japan (1-8-12 Harumi, Chuo-ku, Tokyo, Japan)	34,740	3.39
270 Park Avenue, New York, NY 10017, United States of America (4-16-13 Tsukishima, Chuo-ku, Tokyo, Japan)	22,323	2.18
1-1-2 Marunouchi, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo, Japan	21,946	2.14
	1-8-11 Harumi, Chuo-ku, Tokyo, Japan 2-11-3 Hamamatsucho, Minato-ku, Tokyo, Japan 1-8-11 Harumi, Chuo-ku, Tokyo, Japan 1-2-1 Otemachi, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo, Japan (1-8-12 Harumi, Chuo-ku, Tokyo, Japan) 270 Park Avenue, New York, NY 10017, United States of America (4-16-13 Tsukishima, Chuo-ku, Tokyo, Japan) 1-1-2 Marunouchi, Chiyoda-ku,	1-8-11 Harumi, Chuo-ku, Tokyo, Japan 2-11-3 Hamamatsucho, Minato-ku, Tokyo, Japan 1-8-11 Harumi, Chuo-ku, Tokyo, Japan 1-2-1 Otemachi, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo, Japan 1-8-12 Harumi, Chuo-ku, Tokyo, Japan) 270 Park Avenue, New York, NY 10017, United States of America (4-16-13 Tsukishima, Chuo-ku, Tokyo, Japan) 1-1-2 Marunouchi, Chiyoda-ku, 21,946

Total	_	295,158	28.87	
ivitisti Sumitomo institance Co., Etc.	Tokyo, Japan	10,403	1.00	
Mitsui Sumitomo Insurance Co., Ltd.	2-27-2 Shinkawa, Chuo-ku,	16,403	1.60	
	Japan)			
Proxy: Japan Trustee Services Bank, Ltd.)	(1-8-11 Harumi, Chuo-ku, Tokyo,	17,187	1.00	
Mitsui Life Insurance Co., Ltd. (Standing	Tokyo, Japan	17,187	1.68	
	2-1-1 Otemachi, Chiyoda-ku,			
Account No. 4)	Japan	19,207	1.00	
Japan Trustee Services Bank, Ltd. (Trust	1-8-11 Harumi, Chuo-ku, Tokyo,	19,287	1.88	
Limited, Tokyo Branch)	Japan)			
and Shanghai Banking Corporation	Nihonbashi, Chuo-ku, Tokyo,	19,082	1.92	
Clients (Standing Proxy: The Hongkong	2000, Australia (3-11-1	19,682		
SSBT OD05 Omnibus Account – Treaty	338 Pitt Street, Sydney NSW			

Note:

- 1. In addition to the shares above, MCI holds 20,419,000 shares of treasury stocks.
- 2. The 37,425,000 shares held by Japan Trustee Services Bank, Ltd. (Toray Industries, Inc. Retirement Benefit Trust Account re-entrusted by Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited) are shares related to the retirement benefit trust.
- 3. Mizuho Corporate Bank, Ltd. submitted a copy of its large shareholdings report dated October 22, 2012 that stated that as of October 15, 2012 the joint shareholdings of Mizuho Corporate Bank, Ltd. and other joint shareholders were as shown below. However, these shareholdings were not included in the above list of major shareholders because MCI could not confirm the number of beneficial shares held by shareholders other than Mizuho Corporate Bank, Ltd. as of the end of fiscal year 2012.

Name	Address	Number of share	Holding ratio of share
		certificates, etc. held	certificates, etc. (%)
Mizuho Corporate Bank, Ltd.	1-3-3 Marunouchi, Chiyoda-ku,	8,058,512	0.79
	Tokyo, Japan		
Mizuho Securities Co., Ltd.	1-5-1 Otemachi, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo,	1,052,635	0.10
	Japan	1,032,033	0.10

Mizuho Trust & Banking Co., Ltd.	1-2-1 Yaesu, Chuo-ku, Tokyo, Japan	27,893,000	2.73
Mizuho Asset Management	3-5-27 Mita, Minato-ku, Tokyo,	3,885,000	0.38
Co., Ltd.	Japan	3,883,000	0.38

4. Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited submitted a copy of its large shareholdings report dated January 21, 2013 that stated that as of January 15, 2013 the joint shareholdings of Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited and other joint shareholders were as shown below. However, these shareholdings were not included in the above list of major shareholders because MCI could not confirm the number of beneficial shares held by shareholders as of the end of fiscal year 2012.

Name	Address	Number of share	Holding ratio of share
Name		certificates, etc. held	certificates, etc. (%)
Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank,	1-4-1 Marunouchi, Chiyoda-ku,	63 042 000	6.17
Limited	Tokyo, Japan	63,042,000	6.17
Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Asset	3-33-1 Shiba, Minato-ku, Tokyo,	2,331,000	0.23
Management Co., Ltd.	Japan	2,331,000	0.23
Nikko Asset Management Co.,	9-7-1 Akasaka, Minato-ku, Tokyo,	25 054 000	2.54
Ltd.	Japan	25,954,000	2.54

5. Nagashima Ohno & Tsunematsu submitted a copy of the large shareholdings report dated April 4, 2013 that stated that as of March 29, 2013 the shareholding of Wellington Management Company, LLP was as shown below. However, the shareholding was not included in the above list of major shareholders because MCI could not confirm the number of beneficial shares held by Wellington Management Company, LLP as of the end of fiscal year 2012.

Name	Address	Number of share certificates, etc. held	Holding ratio of share certificates, etc. (%)
Wellington Management Company LLP	280 Congress Street Boston, Massachusetts 02210, United States of America	95,230,135	9.32

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